FEMA Map Modernization Program Presented to

Maryland Association of Floodplain and Stormwater Managers



October 27, 2005

Map Modernization Program



Map Modernization Program Outline

- Map Mod Goal and Objectives
- Map Service Center
- Stakeholder Community Involvement
- DFIRM Production Process
- Mapping Information Platform (MIP)
- Multi-Year Flood Hazard Identification Plan (MHIP)

Map Modernization Program



Map Mod Goal and Objectives

The Primary Goal of Flood Map Modernization....

Reduce the loss of life and property



Hurricane Isabel September 2003

Objectives of Flood Map Modernization

- Develop up-to-date flood hazard data for flood-prone areas nationwide
- Provide flood maps and data in digital format available through the Internet



Fully integrate FEMA's community and state partners into the mapping process

More accurate and digitally available flood maps will.....

- Increase awareness of flood hazards
- Support sound floodplain management to guide new development away from flood hazard areas
- Provide for more accurate flood insurance determination and rating.

Benefits for State and Community Floodplain Managers

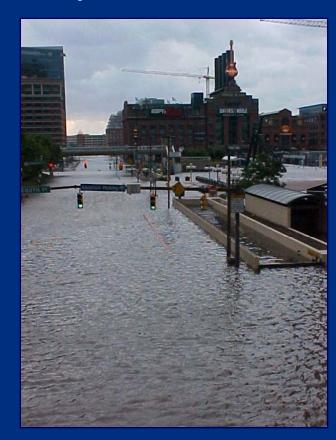
- Greater empowerment for local decision making
- High quality data for more informed planning
- Comprehensive approach to flood risks, land use, and growth management
- Facilitates compliance with regulations
- More informed and educated public

Benefits to Insurance Agents and Lenders

- More accurate maps lowering their risk
- Improves capability to understand and manage financial risk, and protect investments
- Provides an effective risk management and regulatory tool which enables better local decision-making
- Provides up-to-date information to make betterinformed decisions and comply with regulations

Integrating FEMA's State and Local Mapping Partners into the process will......

- Help leverage local knowledge and capabilities, and increase local capabilities
- Maximize Federal/State/ Local resources
- Foster local ownership of the Digital Flood Insurance Rate Maps



Modernizing Flood Maps Using State-of-the-Art Mapping Technologies

 Facilitates DFIRM production and helps reduce processing time

Makes map data more easily and widely

available

Allows for faster future revisions and updates

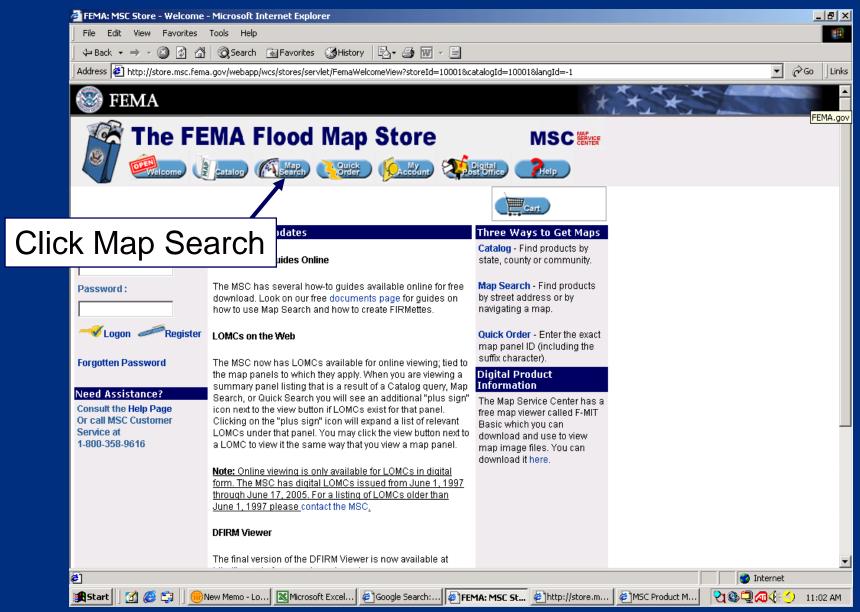


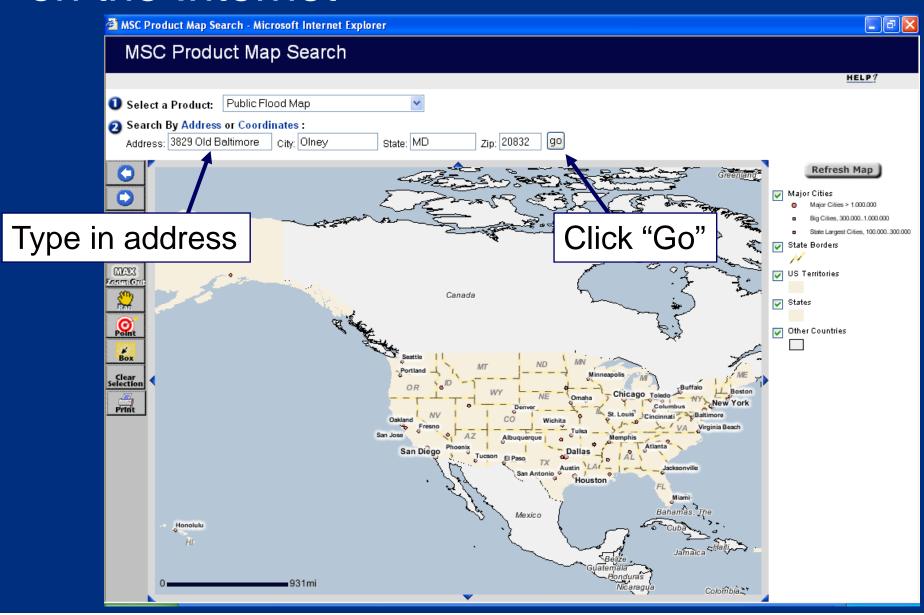
Map Modernization Program

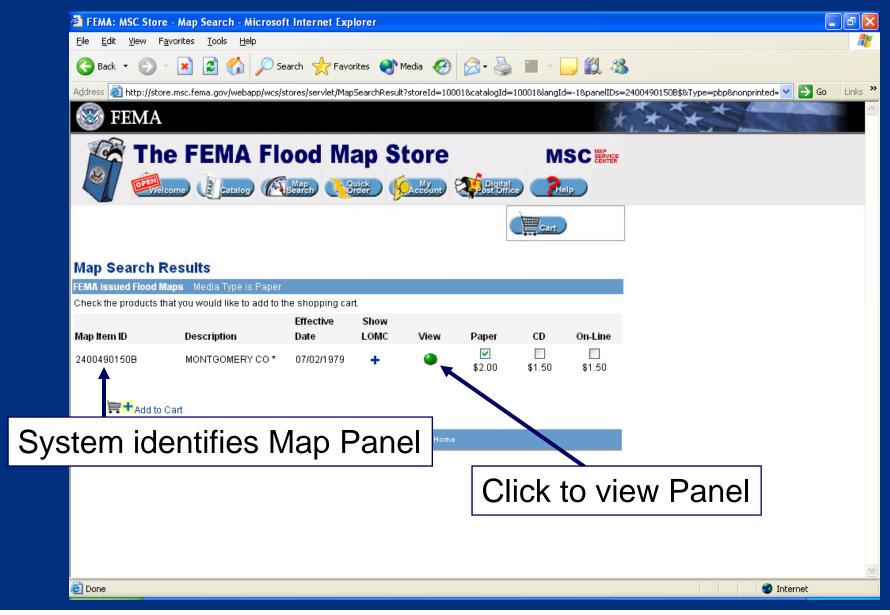


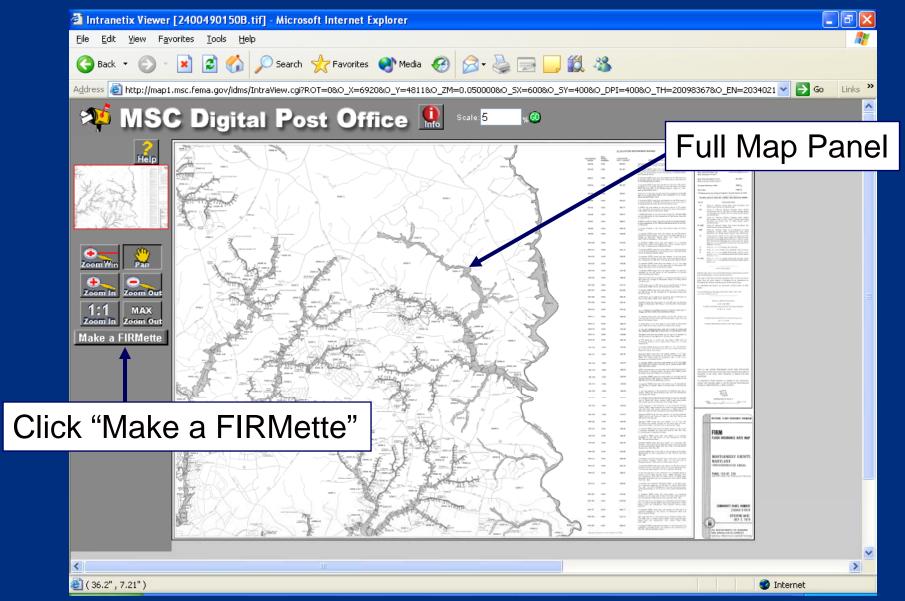
A first important step in Map Modernization has already been taken....

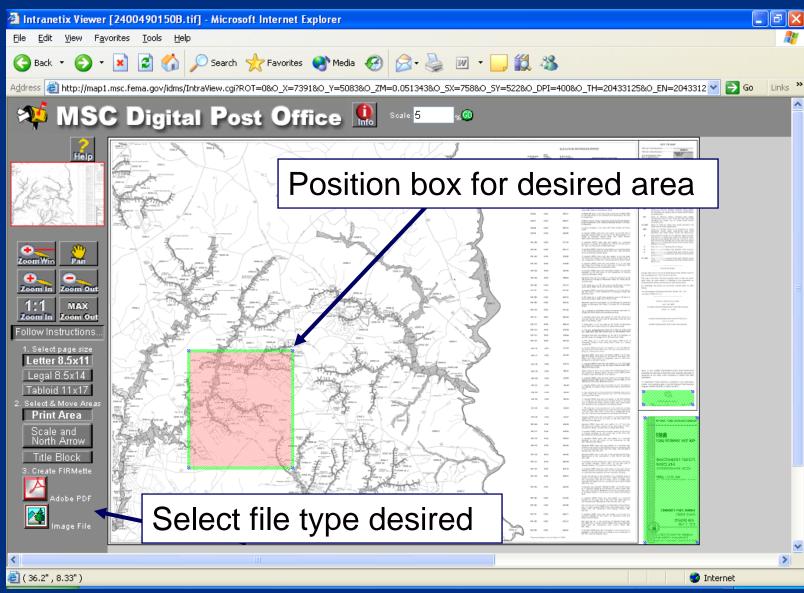
Map Service Center

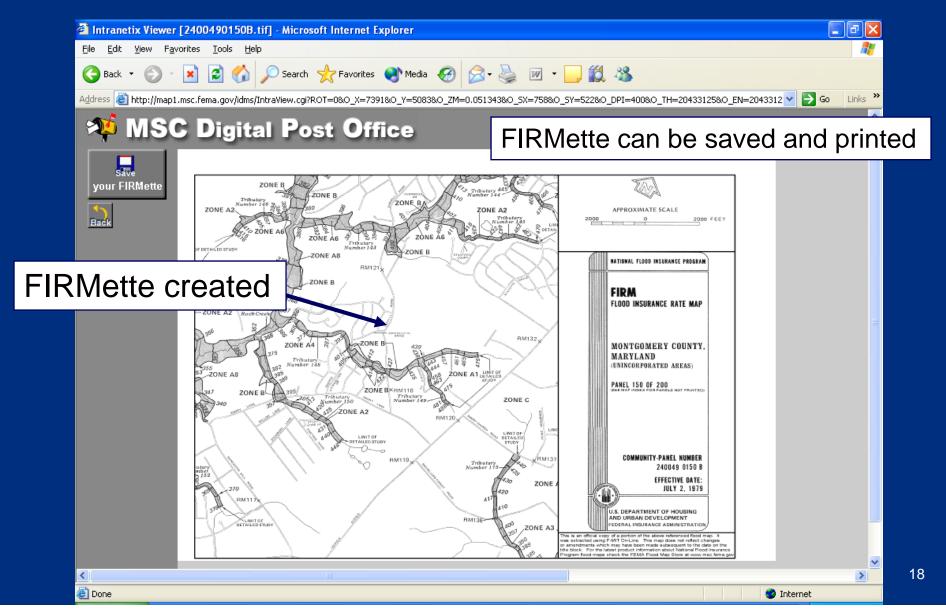












Some important stats.....

- 65% of all MSC orders are now submitted through the website
- In FY 05 1 million unique visitors accessed the site and 800,000 FIRMettes were created

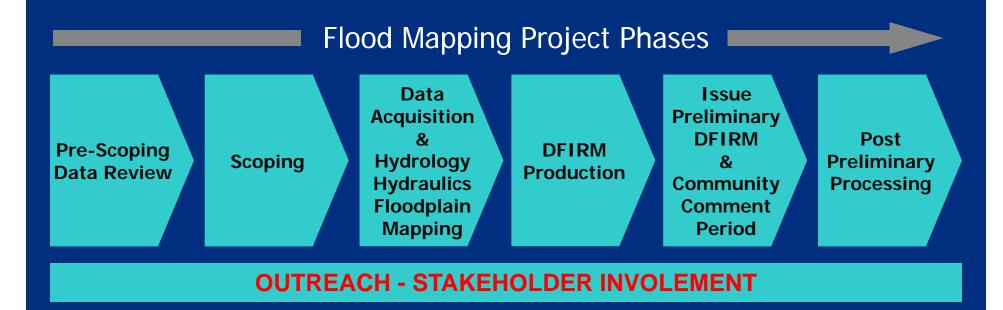
www.store.msc.fema.gov or www.msc.fema.gov

Map Modernization Program



Stakeholder - Community Involvement

Overview of the Mapping Process



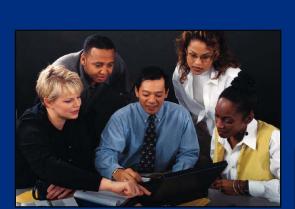
16-33 Months, 24 Months Typical

Map Modernization Outreach

- A comprehensive, and interactive communication/outreach program
- Promote government agencies working as partners and opportunities for data sharing
- Promote overall NFIP
- Increase public awareness to improve an overall credibility and enable impacted stakeholders to have a positive experience with the Map Modernization

Map Modernization Stakeholders

- National & Multi-jurisdiction
- Community & Local









National & Multi-Jurisdictional Stakeholders

- FEMA Headquarters Staff
- FEMA Regional Office Staff
- DHS
- Congress Members
- State Officials
- County Officials
- Regional Planning Organizations
- Other Organizations (Soil & Water Districts, Zoning Districts, etc)

- Schools
- State Legislators
- Land Developers & Building Associations
- Engineering Companies and Surveyors
- Insurance Companies and Agents
- Realtors
- Lending Institutions
- Flood Zone Determination Companies

Community and Local Stakeholders

- State Officials
- County & Municipal Officials
- Regional Planning Organizations
- Other Organizations (Soil & Water Districts, Zoning Districts, etc)
- Schools
- State Legislators
- Public Information Media

- Home Owners and Renters
- Business Owners
- Land Developers & Builder Associations
- Engineering Companies and Surveyors
- Insurance Companies and Agents
- Realtors
- Leading Institutions

Community and Local Stakeholders

Why is this audience so special -----

- Building relationships with communities and local groups is essential to the Map Modernization objectives.
- Provides an immediate interface with the communities that must adopt and utilize the hazard maps.
- Provide assistance in expanding involvement in Map Modernization and encourage NFIP participation as well.
- Local knowledge and participation crucial for success of program.

Key Outreach Opportunities

During DFIRM Pre- to Post-Scoping Efforts

- Contact with local officials and stakeholders for exchange of information
- Keeping local officials informed of study findings
- Public awareness information provided
- Data collection

When the preliminary DFIRM is released

- Starts the process for Public Meetings Presentation of Preliminary Flood Insurance Study and DFIRMs.
- 90-day appeal period
- Receipt and/or resolution of appeals
- 6 month compliance period adoption of DFIRM via ordinance

Map Modernization Program

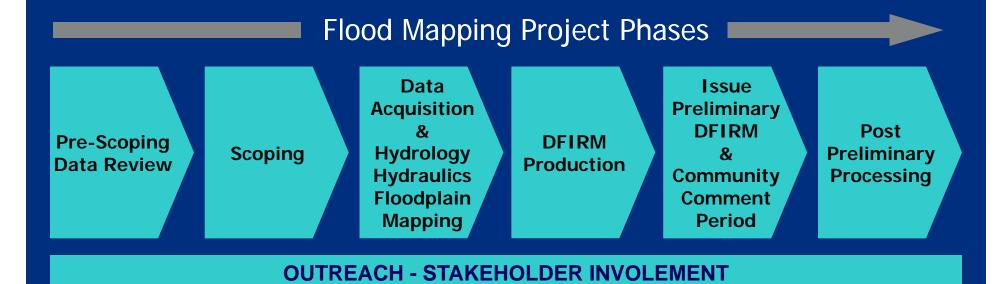


DFIRM Production

Overall Approach to DFIRM Efforts

- All DFIRMs are Countywide
- All flood elevations converted from NGVD29 to NAVD88 vertical datum
- Scope of study varies by County (funding driven)
 - New H&H Study
 - Limited Detailed Study
 - Redelineation
 - Automated Approximate H&H
- All effective LOMRs incorporated into DFIRMs

Overview of the Mapping Process



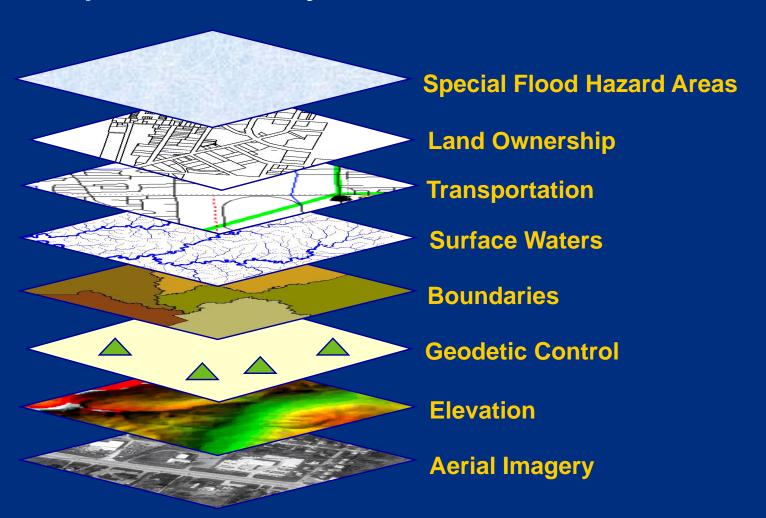
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Overview of the Mapping Process

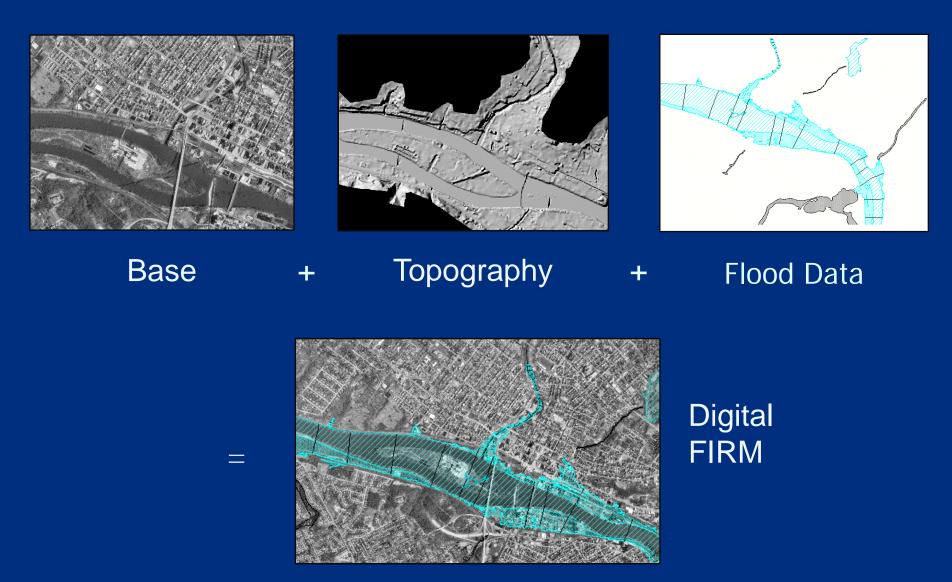
Flood Mapping Project Phases

Data **Issue Acquisition Preliminary DFIRM** & **Post DFIRM Pre-Scoping Scoping Hydrology Preliminary Data Review Production Hydraulics** Community **Processing Floodplain** Comment **Mapping Period Unmet Needs (Due to funding constraints) Maintenance/Update Needs – Mapping Lifecycle**

GIS technology allows for the combination of multiple data layers to create DFIRMs

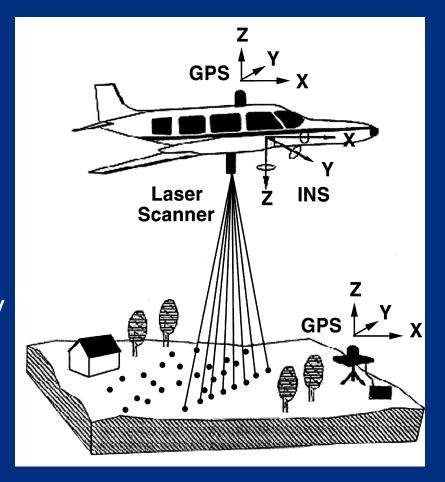


Basic Components of a Flood Map

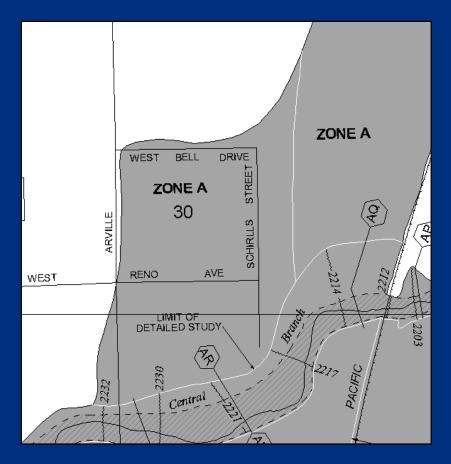


LiDAR Technology to Develop Accurate Ground Elevations for Flood Mapping

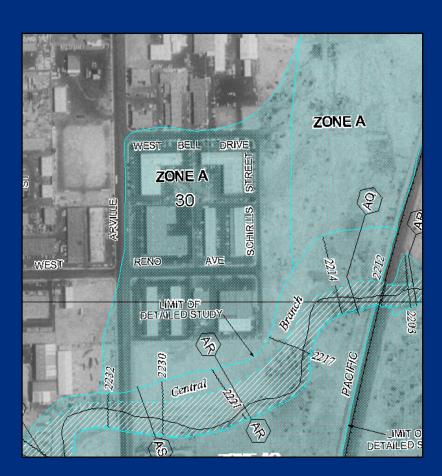
- Light Detection and Ranging (LiDAR)
- Airborne Laser System
 - Fixed Wing
 - Helicopter
- Potential for High Level accuracy (1 foot range)



Modernized DFIRMs



Vector Base Map



DOQ/Raster Base Map

Cooperating Technical Partners (CTPs)

- CTPs are at both community and state level
- Support mapping efforts and provides funding for study (e.g., data)
- Takes ownership of entire re-mapping effort or portions of the efforts
- Leverage local resources and knowledge of the flood hazards

Maryland's Approach to Map Modernization

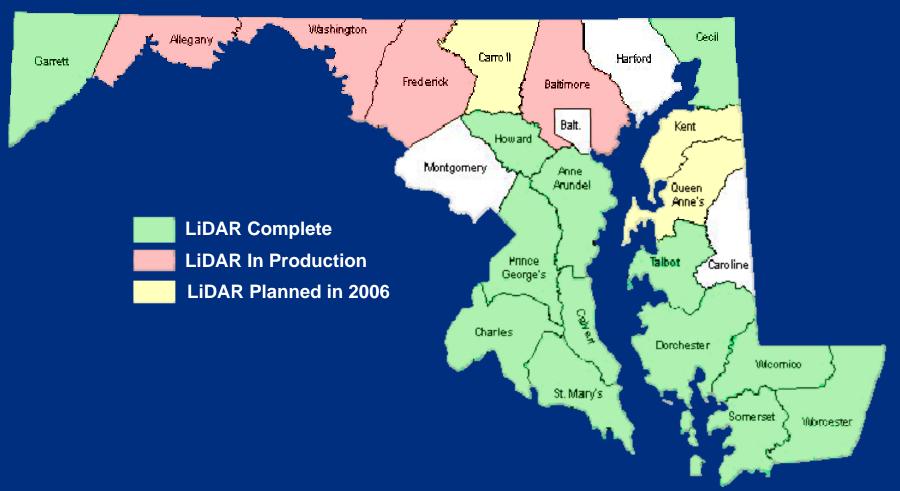
- Maryland is a FEMA Cooperating Technical Partner
 - Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) is the lead agency
- Maryland Department of Natural Resources is a State
 Partner
 - Manages Geospatial Data
 - Acquires LiDAR Data
- Other State Partners Supporting LiDAR and Data Development
 - Maryland Emergency Management Agency
 - Maryland State Geographic Information Committee
 - Maryland Department of Transportation
 - University of Maryland, Baltimore County
 - Salisbury University
 - Numerous Local Jurisdictions

Maryland's Approach to Map Modernization

- Develop LiDAR data statewide through partnerships
- Use automated technology to create "live models" and redelineate with LiDAR data
 - Correct known modeling errors
 - Incorporate LOMRs
 - Correct discrepancies between old and new data
- Convert all Approximate Zone A to Limited Detail Studies with BFEs
- Take over maintenance including issuance of LOMCs
- House the data

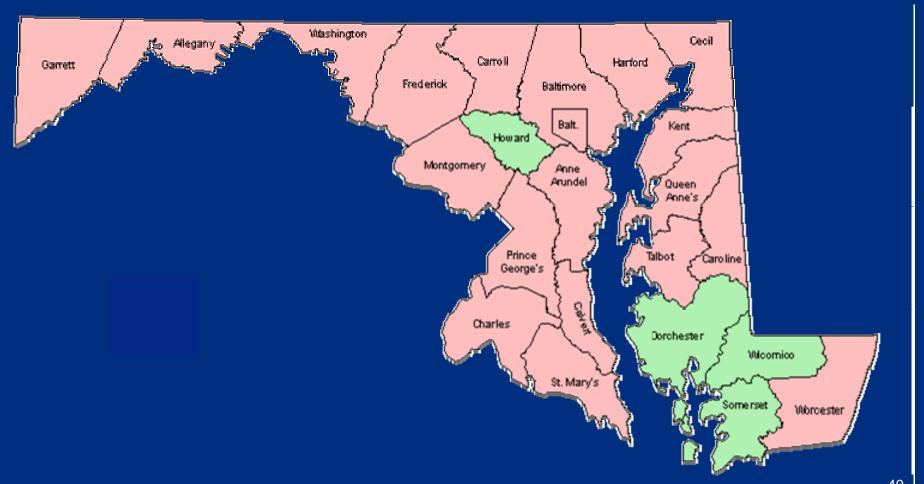
Maryland's Approach to Map Modernization

Status of LiDAR Data Development



Maryland's Approach to Map Modernization

First County DFIRMs to be produced by the State



Maryland's Approach to Map Modernization

Stay tuned for more information regarding the State's Map Modernization Program.

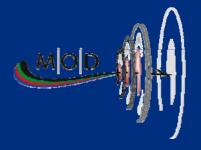
Presentation by Mark Flick later today

Map Modernization Program



Mapping Information Platform (MIP)

Mapping Information Platform (MIP)



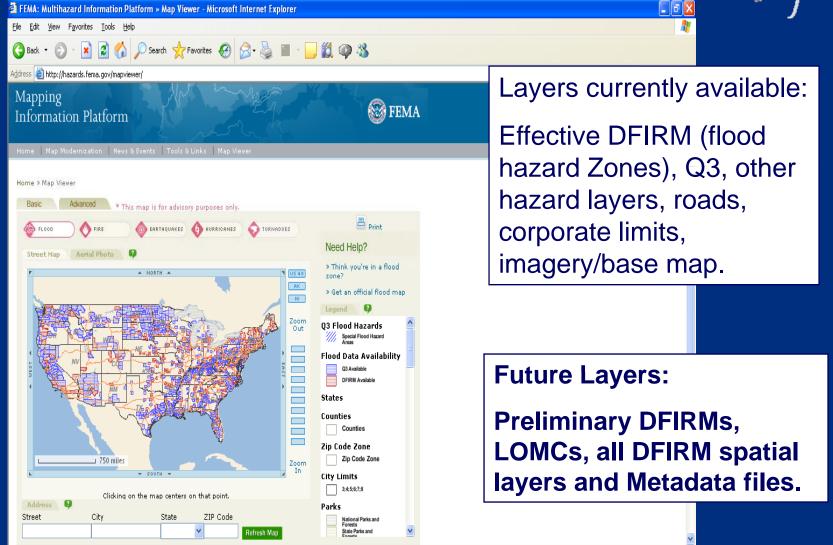
- Portal for FEMA Mapping Partners and Map Users
- Provides tools (e.g., DFIRM Tools, WISE) for DFIRM data development and mapping
- Tracks DFIRM work efforts to better manage tasks and budgets
- Allows for storage and distribution of GIS flood hazard data

www.hazards.fema.gov

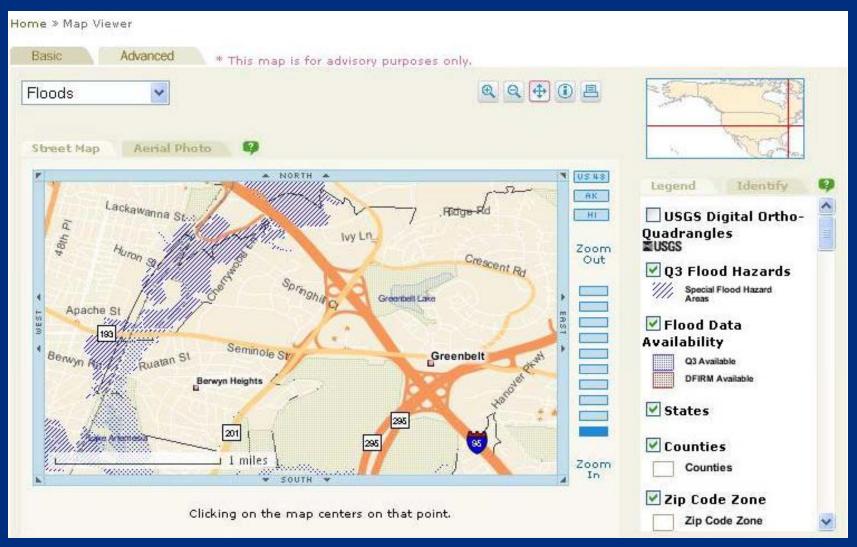
Mapping Information Platform (MIP) - Map Viewer



Internet



Mapping Information Platform (MIP) - Map Viewer Example



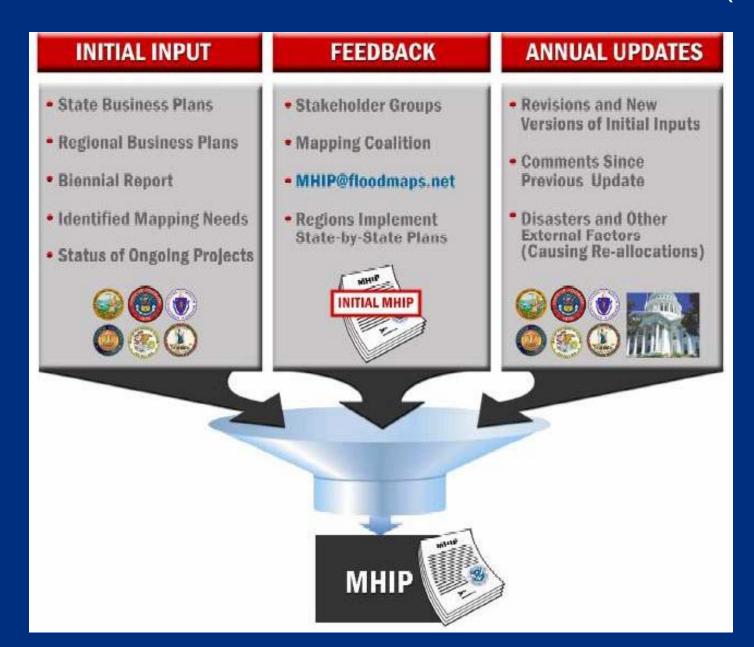
Map Modernization Program



Multi-Year Flood Hazard Identification Plan (MHIP)

- Collaborative 5-Year Road Map for Modernization of Flood Maps
- Studies primarily determined by claims paid, repetitive loss, data leveraged, growth factor, age of maps
- Contains flood hazard quality standards for DFIRM (Section 7)
- Projected flood map update progress through FY-2010

http://www.fema.gov/fhm/mh_main.shtm

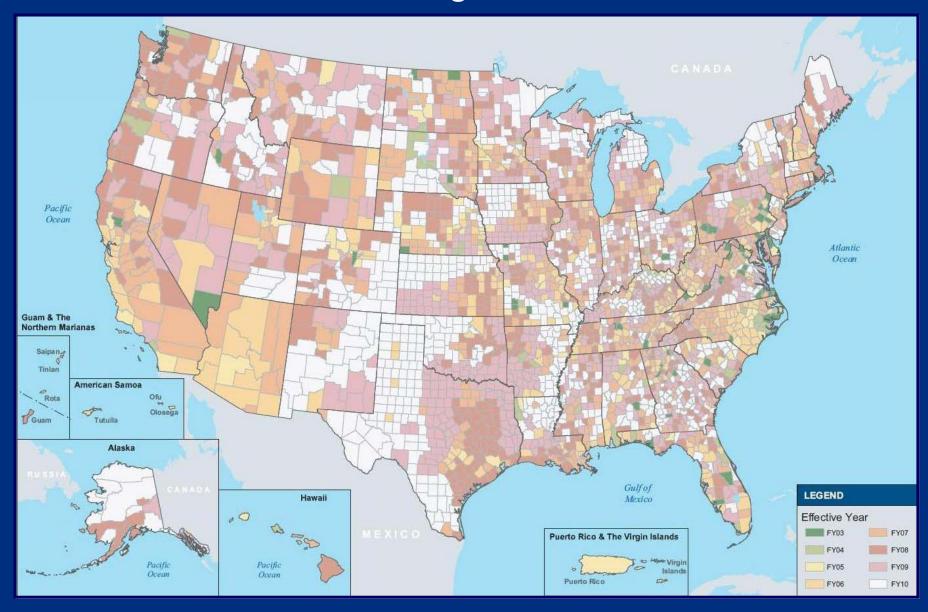


Map Production Funding Distribution FY 04 – FY 08

Region	FY04 Funding ¹	FY05 Funding ¹	FY06 Funding ²	FY07 Funding ²	FY08 Funding ²
1	\$4,206,000	\$5,315,000	\$5,661,000	\$5,827,500	\$5,827,500
2	\$9,420,000	\$11,475,000	\$12,087,000	\$12,442,500	\$12,442,500
3	\$9,752,000	\$12,047,000	\$12,852,000	\$13,230,000	\$13,230,000
4	\$35,722,000	\$35,725,000	\$38,097,000	\$39,217,500	\$39,217,500
5	\$12,798,000	\$17,222,000	\$18,207,000	\$18,742,500	\$18,742,500
6	\$17,583,000	\$23,159,000	\$26,775,000	\$27,562,500	\$27,562,500
7	\$7,411,000	\$10,115,000	\$10,710,000	\$11,025,000	\$11,025,000
8	\$5,432,000	\$6,908,000	\$7,191,000	\$7,402,500	\$7,402,500
9	\$11,462,000	\$13,517,000	\$15,453,000	\$15,907,500	\$15,907,500
10	\$4,572,000	\$5,849,000	\$5,967,000	\$6,142,500	\$6,142,500
Total	\$118,358,000	\$141,332,000	\$153,000,000	\$157,500,000	\$157,500,000

FEMA Region III -- Less than 9% of National Budget

Multi-Year Flood Hazard Identification Plan (MHIP) The Big Picture



Quality Standards for Each Risk Classes

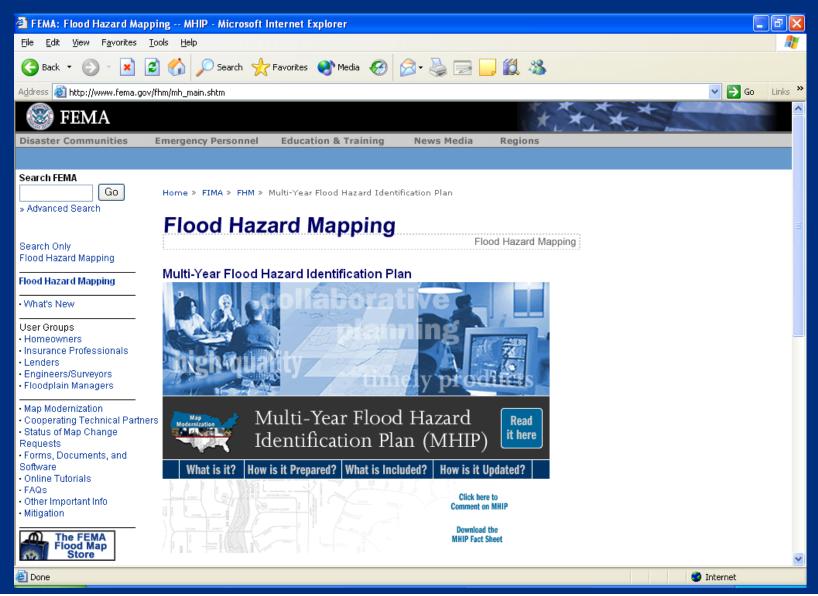
Risk Class	Characteristics	Typically Achieved By	Delineation - Reliability of the Flood Boundary ¹
Α	High population and densities within the floodplain, high anticipated growth	Zones AE, VE, AO, AH	± 0.5 foot / 95%
В	Medium population and densities within the floodplain, modest anticipated growth	Zones A and AE	± 1.0 foot / 95%
С	Low population and densities within the floodplain, small or no anticipated growth	Zones A and AE	±½ contour / 90%
D	Undetermined risk; likely subject to flooding	Zone D	N/A
Е	Minimal risk of flooding; area not studied	(area not mapped)	N/A

¹ Difference between the ground elevation (from topographic data) and computed flood elevation.

Section 7 Quality Standards

- DFIRMs that do not pass the standard will not be counted towards the Map Modernization goals
- Mapping partners will verify that DFIRMs meet the standards
- The NSP will conduct random audits

Multi-Year Flood Hazard Identification Plan (MHIP) http://www.fema.gov/fhm/mh_main.shtm



Map Modernization Program



LOMAs/LOMRs

Letters of Map Change (LOMCs)

- Even with modernized, up-to-date maps LOMCs will still be required
 - Letters of Map Amendments (LOMAs)
 - Letters of Map Revision Based on Fill (LOMR-Fs)
 - Letters of Map Revision (LOMRs)
- Internet applications and processes being developed through the MIP
 - e-LOMA will be available by the end of this year
 - All LOMCs available on Web

http://store.msc.fema.gov

Stay Tuned for LOMC Presentation Later Today



Questions?